

SPRING GROVE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

PLANNED COURSE OVERVIEW



Course Title: Algebra 1

Grade Level(s): 7-9

Units of Credit: 1.5

Classification: Required

Length of Course: 30 cycles

Periods Per Cycle: MS - 6; HS - 9

Length of Period: MS – 47 minutes; HS - 43 minutes

Total Instructional Time: MS – 141 hours; HS 193.5 hours

Course Description

This course is the foundation for high school mathematics courses. It is the bridge from the concrete to the abstract study of mathematics. After a review of the properties and rational numbers, the students will solve equations, use proportional reasoning, graph relations and functions, analyze linear equations, data analysis and probability, solve linear inequalities, solve systems of linear equations and inequalities, explore polynomials, and solve quadratic equations.

Instructional Strategies, Learning Practices, Activities, and Experiences

Anchor Charts

Assessments (Quizzes, Unit, Teacher-Created)

Bell Ringers

Computer Websites and/or Software

Cooperative Learning

Critical Thinking

Cross Curricular Connections

Drill and Practice

Graphic Organizers
Guided Practice

Higher-Level Questioning

Homework

Notes (Templates, Teacher or Student Generated)

Practice Exercises and Tests

Presentations

Projects

Review (Games, Study Guides)

Standardized Test Preparation

Teacher Demonstrations

Teacher Observations
Technology Integration (iPods, iPads, Clickers,

Computer Labs)

Vocabulary (Cards, Strategies, and Lists)

Constructed Response

Assessments

Assessments (Quizzes, Unit, Teacher-Created)

Bell Ringers

Closure

Classroom Diagnostic Tools (CDT)

Evaluation (Summative and Formative)

Higher-Level Questioning

Homework Review

Presentations

State Standardized Assessments

Projects

Teacher Observations

Materials/Resources

Anchor Charts
Calculators

Graphic Organizers

Big Ideas Math: A Bridge to Success Algebra 1,

Larson 1st Edition
PDE Keystone Anchors

Quizlet

Keystone Finish Line Algebra 1

Literature Manipulatives

PDE Keystone Resources

Khan Academy

Resource Books Online Videos/DVDs

Vocabulary (Cards, Strategies, and Lists)
PDE Keystone Sample Questions

IXL

Adopted: 4/20/88

Revised: 9/3/91; 9/17/03; 8/17/09; 5/19/14; 5/20/2019

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The Standards of Mathematical Practices		
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Use appropriate tools strategically. Look for and make use of structure.		Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Model with mathematics. Attend to precision. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS		OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
 Expressions, Equations, and Functions A. Expressions, Order of Operations, and Unit Rate Evaluate algebraic expressions Use the order of operations to simplify expressions Read, write, and evaluate powers Translate a verbal phrase into an algebraic expression Find the unit rate for a given situation B. Equations and Inequalities Write equations and inequalities for a verbal sentence Write and solve an equation or inequality for an application problem Use formulas to solve an application problem Check solutions to an equation or inequality C. Functions, Domain, and Range Determine if a relation is a function State the domain, range, independent, and dependent variables Write a rule for a function given a table of input/output values Graph linear functions using a table of values 	CC.2.2.HS.D.1 - Interpret the CC.2.2.HS.D.2 - Write expres	ties of rational and irrational numbers to solve real world or mathematical problems. structure of expressions to represent a quantity in terms of its context. sions in equivalent forms to solve problems. solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
Properties of Real Numbers A. Order Real Numbers on a number line Identify categories of real numbers and give examples of each Find the opposite and absolute value of a real number B. Operations with Real Numbers State the additive and multiplicative properties of real numbers Add, subtract, multiply, and divide real numbers Use the distributive property to simplify expressions Find the mean Solve real-life problems using operations with real numbers C. Find Square Roots and Compare Real Numbers Approximate square roots Evaluate expressions with square roots Order and graph real numbers including square roots	CC.2.2.HS.D.2 - Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.1.HS.F.1 - Apply and extend the properties of exponents to solve problems with rational exponents. CC.2.1.HS.F.2 - Apply properties of rational and irrational numbers to solve real-world or mathematical problems.
Identify perfect squaresSolve real-life problems using square roots	
 D. Operations with Real Numbers Perform matrix addition, subtraction, and scalar multiplication Use matrices to model real life application problems 	

Equations in One Variable (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards	
Data Analysis A. Data Analysis Determine bias in a sample Find the mean, median, and mode of a set of data Find the range of a set of data Construct and interpret a stem-and-leaf plot Construct and interpret a histogram Solving Linear Equations A. Solve Linear Equations Solve one-and two-step equations Solve multi-step equations Solve equations with variables on both sides Set up and solve real-life application problems	CC.2.1.HS.F.3 - Apply quantitative reasoning to choose and interpret units and scales in formulas, graphs, and data displays. CC.2.1.HS.F.4 - Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems. CC.2.1.HS.F.5 - Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. CC.2.4.HS.B.1 - Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. CC.2.4.HS.B.2 - Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables. CC.2.1.HS.F.3 - Apply quantitative reasoning to choose and interpret units and scales in formulas, graphs, and data displays. CC.2.1.HS.F.4 - Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems. CC.2.1.HS.F.5 - Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. CC.2.1.HS.F.6 - Extend the knowledge of arithmetic operations and apply to complex numbers.	
 B. Rewrite Equations/ Formulas Rewrite an equation in function form Solve a formula for a given variable Rewrite a formula and use to evaluate a real-life problem C. Ratios and Proportions Write ratios and apply to real-life situations Set up and solve a proportion Use a proportion to solve real-life problems Apply proportions to similar figures 	CC.2.2.HS.D.2 - Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.D.7 - Create and graph equations or inequalities to describe numbers or relationships. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model. CC.2.3.HS.A.12 - Explain volume formulas and use them to solve problems. CC.2.3.HS.A.14 - Apply geometric concepts to model and solve real-world problems.	
 D. Percent Problems Solve percent problems using proportions Solve percent problems using an equation Set up and solve real-life percent problems Find the percent of change 		

Equations in Two Variables		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
Data Analysis A. Data Analysis Construct and interpret a box-and-whisker plot Graph Linear Equations and Functions A. Graph Linear Equations Plot points in a coordinate plane Perform and describe transformations in a coordinate plane Graph a function with a given domain Determine a continuous verses a discrete function Graph a linear function using a table of values Graph a linear function using x- and y-intercepts Graph vertical and horizontal lines B. Find Slope and Graph Using Slope-Intercept Form Find the slope of a line using two of its points Interpret slope as a rate of change in a real-life situation Find the slope and y-intercept of a given equation Graph a line using slope-intercept form Identify parallel lines C. Direct Variation Identity direct variation equations Graph direct variation equation Use a ratio to model direct variation	CC.2.1.HS.F.3 - Apply quantitative reasoning to choose and interpret units and scales in formulas, graphs, and data displays. CC.2.2.HS.D.8 - Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.2 - Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations. CC.2.2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model.	

Equations in Two Variables (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards	
D. Graph Linear Functions Use functions using function notation Graph a function given in function notation Graph transformations of the parent linear function Graph transformations with the parent linear function Graph transformations with the parent linear function Graph transformations with the parent linear function Write Linear Equations A. Write the Equation of a Line in Slope-Intercept Form Write the equation given the slope and intercept Write the equation given the slope and one point Write the equation given two points B. Write the Equation of a Line using Function Notation Write the equation of a line that models a real-life situation Write the equation of a line using function notation C. Scatterplots Use a scatterplot to graph data Determine correlation of a scatterplot Use a line of best fit to model data Determine the equation of a line of best fit Apply a line of best fit for a real-life set of data to make a prediction	CC.2.2.HS.D.6 - Extend the knowledge of rational functions to rewrite in equivalent forms. CC.2.2.HS.D.7 - Create and graph equations or inequalities to describe numbers or relationships. CC.2.2.HS.D.8 - Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.1 - Use the concept and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in terms of their context. CC.2.2.HS.C.2 - Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations. CC.2.2.HS.C.3 - Write functions or sequences that model relationships between two quantities. CC.2.2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model. CC.2.4.HS.B.1 - Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. CC.2.4.HS.B.2 - Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables. CC.2.4.HS.B.3 - Analyze linear models to make interpretations based on the data. CC.2.1.HS.F.3 - Apply quantitative reasoning to choose and interpret units and scales in formulas, graphs, and data displays.	

Equations in Two Variables (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
 Writing Linear Equations D. Write the Equation of a Line in Point-Slope Form Write the equation given one point and the slope Write the equation in point-slope form E. Write the Equation of a Line in Standard Form F. Write and Graph Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines Write the equations of parallel and perpendicular lines Graph parallel and perpendicular lines Probability A. Probability and Odds Find the probability of an event occurring Find the odds in favor and odds against an event occurring Use the formula for the number of permutations or combinations Find the probabilities using permutations and combinations Find the probabilities of compound events 	CC.2.4.HS.B.4 - Recognize and evaluate random processes underlying statistical experiments. CC.2.4.HS.B.5 - Make inferences and justify conclusions based on sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. CC.2.4.HS.B.6 - Use the concepts of independence and conditional probability to interpret data. CC.2.4.HS.B.7 - Apply the rules of probability to compute probabilities of compound events in a uniform probability model.	

Equations in Two Variables (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
Solve and Graph Linear Inequalities A. Solving Simple Inequalities Solve inequalities using addition and subtraction Solve inequalities using multiplication Graph linear inequalities on a number line Solve multi-step inequalities, including variables on both sides Set up and solve real-life problems using inequalities	CC.2.2.HS.D.7 - Create and graph equations or inequalities to describe numbers or relationships. CC.2.2.HS.D.8 - Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.4 - Interpret the effects transformations have on functions and find the inverses of functions. CC.2.2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model.	
 B. Solve Compound Inequalities Solve both "and" and "or" inequalities Graph both "and" and "or" inequalities Set up and solve application problems that involve compound inequalities 		
 C. Solve Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Solve an absolute value equation Solve an absolute value inequality 		
 D. Graph Linear Inequalities in Two Variables Check if a given point is a solution of a linear inequality Graph a linear inequality on a coordinate plane Set up and determine solutions of a real-life problem using linear inequalities 		

Equations in Two Variables (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
Systems of Equations A. Solve a Linear System by Graphing • Determine if an ordered pair is a solution of a system of equations • Find the solution to a system of linear equations by graphing B. Solve a Linear System by Substitution • Solve an equation for a given variable • Solve a linear system using substitution • Check solutions to a system C. Solve a Linear System by Elimination • Solve when no multiplication is required • Solve a system when multiplication is required first D. Solve Application Problems using a System of Equations E. Solve Special Types of Linear Systems • Determine when a system is inconsistent • Determine when a system is a consistent dependent system Systems of Inequalities A. Solve a System of Linear Inequalities	CC.2.2.HS.D.8 - Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model. CC.2.4.HS.B.2 - Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables.	

Exponential and Quadratic Functions		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
Exponents and Exponential Functions A. Properties of Exponents • Apply the exponent properties involving products to simplify expressions • Apply the exponent properties involving quotients to simplify expressions • Use zero and negative exponent properties to	I.HS.F.1 - Apply and extend the properties of exponents to solve problems with rational exponents. 2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities alcally and graphically. 2.HS.C.5 - Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models to solve problems. 2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model. 2.HS.D.1 - Interpret the structure of expressions to represent a quantity in terms of its context.	

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
Polynomials and Factoring A. Classify Polynomials	CC.2.2.HS.D.3 - Extend the knowledge of arithmetic operations and apply to polynomials. CC.2.2.HS.D.4 - Understand the relationship between zeroes and factors of polynomials to make generalizations about functions and their graphs. CC.2.2.HS.D.5 - Use polynomial identities to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.D.8 - Apply inverse operations to solve equations or formulas for a given variable. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically. CC.2.2.HS.C.6 - Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model.

Exponential and Quadratic Functions (continued)		
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS	
 E. Simplify Rational Expressions Simplify a rational expression by factoring and canceling common factors Determine the excluded value of a rational expression 	CC.2.2.HS.D.1 - Interpret the structure of expressions to represent a quantity in terms of its context. CC.2.1.HS.F.1 - Apply and extend the properties of exponents to solve problems with rational exponents.	
 Solve a Quadratic Equation A. Solve a Quadratic Equation Solve a quadratic equation by finding square roots Solve a quadratic equation by factoring 	CC.2.1.HS.F.7 - Apply concepts of complex numbers in polynomial identities and quadratic equations to solve problems.	
Conve a quadratic equation by ractoring	CC.2.2.HS.D.3 - Extend the knowledge of arithmetic operations and apply to polynomials. CC.2.2.HS.D.4 - Understand the relationship between zeroes and factors of polynomials to make generalizations about functions and their graphs. CC.2.2.HS.D.5 - Use polynomial identities to solve problems. CC.2.2.HS.D.9 - Use reasoning to solve equations and justify the solution method. CC.2.2.HS.D.10 - Represent, solve, and interpret equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities algebraically and graphically.	