

SPRING GROVE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

PLANNED COURSE OVERVIEW



Course Title: Calculus Length of Course: 30 cycles

Grade Level(s): 11 - 12 Periods Per Cycle: 6

Units of Credit: 1 Length of Period: 43 minutes

Classification: Elective Total Instructional Time: 129 hours

Course Description

This is an advanced course in modern mathematics for the college bound students. The course covers topics on the algebra of functions, analytic geometry, the concepts of limits and continuity, as well as an introduction to basic integral and differential calculus.

Prerequisite: Successful completion of Trigonometry or Trigonometry Honors

Instructional Strategies, Learning Practices, Activities, and Experiences

Anticipatory Sets Flexible Groups Projects

Assessments Graphic Organizers Teacher Demonstrations
Bell Ringers Guided Practice Technology Integration

Class Discussions High-Level Questioning Videos/DVD's Closure Homework Wait Time

Critical Thinking Posted Objectives

Assessments

Assessments (Teacher-Created) Projects Classwork

Higher-Level Questioning

Materials/Resources

Textbook: Calculus Internet Resources

Eleventh Edition (Larson, Edwards)

Adopted: 9/17/03

Revised: 8/17/09; 5/19/14; 5/20/2019

Limits and Their Properties The Standards of Mathematical Practices		
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Use appropriate tools strategically. Look for and make use of structure.		Reason abstractly and quantitatively. Model with mathematics. Attend to precision. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS		OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Limits	 Define Limits Investigate Limit Behavior Define Limit Properties 	
Limit Techniques	Apply the Following Limit Substitution Cancellation Rationalization Charting Graphing	Techniques
Continuity and One-Sided Limits	 Define Continuity and One Test for Continuity Define Properties of Continuity Apply Intermediate Value Utilize One-sided Limit Te 	nuous Functions Theorem
Infinite Limits	 Define Infinite Limits Utilize Infinite Limits Tech Charting Graphing Define Properties of Infinite Find Vertical Asymptotes 	

Differentiation	
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Derivative and Tangent Line	Define Derivative Calculate Tangent Lines using Derivatives
Basic Rules of Derivatives	 1. Apply the Following Basic Rules of Derivatives Constant rule Power rule Constant multiple rule Sum and difference rule Product and quotient rule Trigonometric rules Higher-order derivatives Chain rule
Implicit Differentiation	Utilize Implicit Differentiation Techniques
	2.11.11.A - Determine maximum and minimum values of a function over a specified interval. 2.11.11.B - Interpret maximum and minimum values in problem situations.
Application of Derivatives	Apply Derivatives to Related Rate Problems

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
Extrema on an Interval	 Define Extrema on an Interval Calculate Absolute max/min on an Interval Calculate Relative max/min on an Interval Calculate Critical Points on an Interval
Rolle's Theorem	Define and Apply Rolle's Theorem
Mean Value Theorem	Define and Apply Mean Value Theorem
Function Behavior	 Determine the Following Function Behaviors: First derivative test Concavity Points of inflection Second derivative test Limits at Infinity Define Limits at Infinity Find Horizontal Asymptotes
Curve Sketching Using Function Behavior	 Sketch a Function Based on the Following Function Behaviors: First derivative test Concavity Points of inflection Second derivative test Limits at Infinity
Applied Min/Max Problems	1. Applied Derivative Techniques on Min/Max Problems (Optimization)
L'Hopital's Rule	Evaluate Indeterminate Limits by using L'Hopital's Rule
Differentials	 Define Differentials Calculate Error Propagation Determine Differentials of Functions

Integration	
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
Antiderivatives/Indefinite Integrals	Apply Integration Rules Calculate General and Particular Solutions
	2.11.11.E - Estimate areas under curves using sequences of areas.
Area	Calculate Area using Sigma Notation Calculate Area using Upper and Lower Sums
Riemann Sums/Definite Integrals	 Define Riemann Sums/Definite Integrals Apply Properties of Riemann Sums/Definite Integrals Evaluate Definite Integrals
Fundamental Theorem of Calculus	Apply Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
Second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus	Apply the Second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
Mean Value Theorem	1. Find the Mean Value Theorem of a Function
Average Value	Find the Average Value of a Function
Integration by Substitution	Perform Integration by Substitution on Composite Functions Use Change of Variables to Integrate Indefinite Functions
Numerical Integration	Calculate Area using the Trapezoidal Rule

Apply the Properties of Natural Logarithmic Functions Find the Derivative of Natural Logarithmic Functions Integrate Natural Logarithmic Functions
Integrate Trigonometric Functions
Find the Inverse of a Function
Calculate the Derivative of Exponential Functions, Bases Other than e, and Inverse Trigonometric Functions Integrate Exponential Functions, Bases Other than e, and Inverse Trigonometric Functions

Differential Equations	
CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
General and Particular Solutions	Find General and Particular Solutions of Differential Equations
Slope Fields	Use Slope Fields to Solve Differential Equations
	2.11.11.C - Graph and interpret rates of growth/decay.
Growth and Decay	Calculate Growth and Decay Rates of Differential Equations
Separation of Variables	Use Separation of Variables to Solve Differential Equations
First-Order Linear Differential Equation	Solve First-Order Linear Differential Equations

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
	2.11.12.E - Describe the method for estimating the area under curves and apply to real-world situations.
Area Between Two Curves	Calculate Area Between Two Curves of Nonintersecting and Intersecting Curves
Volume of a Solid	 1. Find the Volume of a Solid using the Following Methods: Disk method Washer method Shell method
Arc Length	Calculate Arc Length using Integration