

## SPRING GROVE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## PLANNED COURSE OVERVIEW



Course Title: Independent Study Athletic Performance Training

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**Length of Course:** 30 cycles

Grade Level(s): 12

Periods Per Cycle: 6

Units of Credit: 1

Length of Period: 43 minutes

Classification: Elective

Total Instructional Time: 129 hours

## **Course Description**

Students participating in the course will work toward specific athletic performance goals for the sport of their preference. Students will use specific workout protocols from high school coaches and collegiate level programs to guide their training. Students will enroll in this course for the entire year to allow for specific training phases related to their sports peak performance times. In addition to independent study training, students will be required to participate in an independent learning project outside the classroom setting related to their sport or activity. Students will set individual goals specific to their present levels of performance and periodically evaluate personal progress.

Instructional Strategies, Learning Practices, Activities, and Experiences			
Triphasic Program Design and Practice Pre and Post Testing of Fitness Levels	Individual Goal Setting Journaling	Fitness Technology Research	
Assessments			
Independent Study Strength Journaling	Obtainment of Goals	Written Project	
Materials/Resources			
Books Weight and Cardio Equipment	Internet College Level Strength Coach Collaboration	Spring Grove Athletic Trainer Collaboration	

**Adopted:** 5/20/2019 **Revised:** 11/23/2020

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Students will use a performance test to develop baseline data of present levels of fitness.	10.3.12.D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities.
Students will develop basic protocols to improve overall	<b>10.4.12.A</b> - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.
fitness levels and examine sport specific skills of fitness.	<b>10.4.12.B</b> - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.
Related Vocabulary: cardiovascular endurance	<b>10.4.12.C</b> - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.
flexibility	10.4.12.D - Evaluate factors that affect physical activity and exercise preferences of adults.
muscular strength	10.4.12.E - Analyze the interrelationships among regular participation in physical activity, motor skill improvement,
muscular endurance agility	and the selection and engagement in lifetime physical activities. <b>10.4.12.F</b> - Assess and use strategies for enhancing adult group interaction in physical activities.
speed	10.4.12.1 - Assess and use strategies for enhancing addit group interaction in physical activities.
balance	10.5.12.A - Apply knowledge of movement skills, skill-related fitness, and movement concepts to identify and
coordination spotting	evaluate physical activities that promote personal lifelong participation. <b>10.5.12.B</b> - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of motor skill development concepts to improve the quality of
goal setting	motor skills.
overtraining	10.5.12.C - Evaluate the impact of practice strategies on skill development and improvement.
periodization	<b>10.5.12.D</b> - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of exercise principles, training principles, and health and skill-related fitness components to create a fitness program for personal use.
	<b>10.5.12.E</b> - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.
	<b>10.5.12.F</b> – Analyze the application of game strategies for different categories of physical activities.

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Students will develop an exercise program tailored to meet the objectives of the individual while considering the individuals age, health, fitness status, musculoskeletal condition, and body composition.  Students will establish the minimum levels of physical activity required to achieve some of the health benefits of exercise.  • Overload Principle • Principle of Progression • Principle of Reversibility • Components of the exercise prescription  Related Vocabulary: overload progression reversibility warm-up cool down exercise goals modes of exercise fitness status musculoskeletal condition body composition exercise threshold exercise prescription individualized recuperation	

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Strength training can:	10.3.12.D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities
<ul> <li>Reduce low back pain</li> <li>Reduce the incidence of exercise-related injuries</li> <li>Decrease the incidence of osteoporosis</li> <li>Aid in the maintenance of functional capacity</li> <li>Promote the formation of new muscle fibers (hyperplasia)</li> <li>Muscular Strength</li> <li>The amount of weight that an individual can lift during one maximal effort</li> <li>Skeletal Muscles</li> <li>Composed of a collection of fibers and are attached by bones by tendons</li> <li>Muscular contraction results in the tendons pulling on the bone, causing movement</li> <li>Two primary physiological factors determine the amount of force that can be generated by a muscle</li> <li>Size of muscle</li> <li>Number of muscle fibers recruited</li> <li>Muscle Size</li> <li>Increased primarily because of an increase in fiber size (hypertrophy)</li> <li>Overload Principle</li> <li>A muscle will increase in strength and/or endurance only when it works against a workload such as free weights or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>10.3.12.D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities</li> <li>10.4.12.A - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.</li> <li>10.4.12.B - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.</li> <li>10.4.12.C - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.</li> <li>10.4.12.D - Evaluate factors that affect physical activity and exercise preferences of adults.</li> <li>10.4.12.F - Analyze the interrelationships among regular participation in physical activity, motor skill improvement, and the selection and engagement in lifetime physical activities.</li> <li>10.4.12.F - Assess and use strategies for enhancing adult group interaction in physical activities.</li> <li>10.5.12.A - Apply knowledge of movement skills, skill-related fitness, and movement concepts to identify and evaluate physical activities that promote personal lifelong participation.</li> <li>10.5.12.B - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of motor skill development concepts to improve the quality of motor skills.</li> <li>10.5.12.C - Evaluate the impact of practice strategies on skill development and improvement.</li> <li>10.5.12.D - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of exercise principles, training principles, and health and skill-related fitness components to create a fitness program for personal use.</li> <li>10.5.12.F - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.</li> <li>10.5.12.F - Analyze the application of game strategies for different categories of physical activities.</li> </ul>

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Isokinetic Exercises • Require use of machines that govern the speed of movement during the muscle contraction throughout the range of motion		
Strength Training Programs:  • Starter phase  • Slow-progression phase  • Maintenance phase		
Related Vocabulary: muscular strength muscular endurance muscle fiber contraction		
tendon bone muscles of the human body isometric		
isokinetic isotonic hypertrophy hyperplasia free weight		
nee weight		

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Flexibility  The range of motion of a joint  Improved flexibility results in:  Increased joint mobility  Prevention of low back pain problems  Efficient body movement  Improved posture  Personal appearance  Four structural and physiological limits to flexibility:  Bone  Muscle structures within the joint capsule  Tendons that connect muscle to bones  Connective tissue that surrounds joints and skin  Static vs. Dynamic Stretching  If muscle spindles are suddenly stretched, they respond by initiating a stretch reflex that causes the muscle to contract. However, if muscles and tendons are stretched slowly, the stretch reflex can be avoided.  Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation (PNF) combines stretching with alternative contraction and	10.3.12. D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities.  10.4.12. A - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.  10.4.12. B - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.  10.4.12. C - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.  10.4.12. D - Evaluate factors that affect physical activity and exercise preferences of adults.  10.4.12. F - Analyze the interrelationships among regular participation in physical activity, motor skill improvement, and the selection and engagement in lifetime physical activities.  10.4.12. F - Assess and use strategies for enhancing adult group interaction in physical activities.  10.5.12. A - Apply knowledge of movement skills, skill-related fitness, and movement concepts to identify and evaluate physical activities that promote personal lifelong participation.  10.5.12. B - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of motor skill development concepts to improve the quality of motor skills.  10.5.12. C - Evaluate the impact of practice strategies on skill development and improvement.  10.5.12. D - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of exercise principles, training principles, and health and skill-related fitness components to create a fitness program for personal use.  10.5.12. F - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.  10.5.12. F - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.
relaxation of muscles to improve flexibility Functional Movement Screening (FMS)	

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reflex	
reflex functional movement systems (FMS)	
functional movement systems (FMS)	

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Nutrition • The study of food and its relationship to health and disease  A well-balanced diet • Composed of a variety of nutrients • The basic goals of developing good nutritional habits are to maintain ideal body weight • Intensity of exercise dictates the relative proportions of fat and carbohydrates that are consumed as fuel during exercise • The lower the intensity of the exercises, the more fat is used as fuel; the greater the intensity, the more carbohydrates are used as fuel  Related Vocabulary: nutrient carbohydrate fat water protein supplement calorie vitamin diet	<ul> <li>10.1.10.A - Evaluate factors that impact growth and development during adulthood and late adulthood.</li> <li>10.1.10.B - Evaluate factors that impact the body systems and apply protective/preventive strategies.</li> <li>10.1.10.C - Analyze factors that impact nutritional choices of adults.</li> <li>10.1.10.E - Identify and analyze factors that influence the prevention and control of health problems.</li> <li>10.2.10.A - Evaluate health care products and services that impact adult health practices.</li> <li>10.2.10.B - Assess factors that impact adult health consumer choices.</li> <li>10.2.10.D - Examine and apply a decision-making process to the development of short and long-term health goals.</li> <li>10.2.10.E - Analyze the interrelationship between environmental factors and community health.</li> <li>10.3.10.D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities.</li> <li>10.4.10.A - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.</li> <li>10.4.10.B - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.</li> <li>10.4.10.C - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.</li> </ul>

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards
Develop a cross-training program working on all forms of health related fitness  • Specific exercises build cardiorespiratory endurance  • Specific exercises/workouts build muscular strength and endurance  • Specific exercises increase flexibility   Related Vocabulary: free-weight movement exercises: bench press squat clean curl military press  weight loaded matching exercises: chest press overhead press leg extension leg curl  body weight exercises: pull up sit-up knee raise	10.3.12.D - Evaluate the benefits, risks, and safety factors associated with self-selected life-long physical activities.  10.4.12.A - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.  10.4.12.B - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.  10.4.12.C - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.  10.4.12.D - Evaluate factors that affect physical activity and exercise preferences of adults.  10.4.12.E - Analyze the interrelationships among regular participation in physical activity, motor skill improvement, and the selection and engagement in lifetime physical activities.  10.4.12.F - Assess and use strategies for enhancing adult group interaction in physical activities.  10.5.12.A - Apply knowledge of movement skills, skill-related fitness, and movement concepts to identify and evaluate physical activities that promote personal lifelong participation.  10.5.12.B - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of motor skill development concepts to improve the quality of motor skills.  10.5.12.C - Evaluate the impact of practice strategies on skill development and improvement.  10.5.12.D - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of exercise principles, training principles, and health and skill-related fitness components to create a fitness program for personal use.  10.5.12.E - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.  10.5.12.F - Analyze the application of game strategies for different categories of physical activities.
body weight exercises: pull up sit-up	

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	Objectives/Standards	
ardiorespiratory endurance machines:		
ardiorespiratory endurance machines: eadmill		
ationary bike		
wer		
rc trainer		
liptical		
vometric exercises:		
yometric exercises: umb bell		
arbell		
rget heart rate		

CONTENT/KEY CONCEPTS	OBJECTIVES/STANDARDS
Fitness Plan  • Sport-specific exercises and movements should be incorporated into fitness programming  • Goal setting with sport specific testing protocols  • Develop benchmarks for improvement  • Cycling to prevent plateauing - how to best modify a program over time  • Adapt programming to meet the needs of in-season competitions  Related Vocabulary: sport or activity choice speed agility coordination strength endurance body composition overload progression plateau reps sets movement type frequency intensity time volume pacing overtraining	10.4.10.A - Evaluate and engage in an individualized physical activity plan that supports achievement of personal fitness and activity goals and promotes life-long participation.  10.4.10.B - Analyze the effects of regular participation in a self-selected program of moderate to vigorous physical activities.  10.4.10.C - Evaluate how changes in adult health status may affect the responses of the body systems during moderate to vigorous physical activity.  10.4.10.D - Evaluate factors that affect physical activity and exercise preferences of adults.  10.4.10.E - Analyze the interrelationships among regular participation in physical activity, motor skill improvement, and the selection and engagement in lifetime physical activities.  10.4.10.F - Assess and use strategies for enhancing adult group interaction in physical activities.  10.5.10.A - Apply knowledge of movement skills, skill-related fitness, and movement concepts to identify and evaluate physical activities that promote personal lifelong participation.  10.5.10.B - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of motor skill development concepts to improve the quality of motor skills.  10.5.10.C - Evaluate the impact of practice strategies on skill development and improvement.  10.5.10.D - Incorporate and synthesize knowledge of exercise principles, training principles, and health and skill-related fitness components to create a fitness program for personal use.  10.5.10.E - Evaluate movement forms for appropriate application of scientific and biomechanical principles.  10.5.10.F - Analyze the application of game strategies for different categories of physical activities.